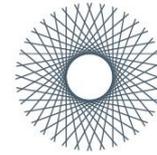


Policy for Discretionary Leave of Absence



AGORA
LEARNING
PARTNERSHIP

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Policy for Discretionary Leave of Absence

1. Introduction

- 1.1. Agora Learning Partnership recognises that the success of the schools depends upon the contribution of all employees and gives full acknowledgement that a fair and effective policy on discretionary leave of absence contributes to the maintenance of employee morale and thereby our success.
- 1.2. This policy sets out the discretionary leave of absence provisions to make sure requests for leave of absence are dealt with in a fair and consistent way. The operational needs of the Trust are the priority and therefore there will be times when the Headteacher has to refuse a request for leave. The examples of discretionary leave given are non-exhaustive and where circumstances arise which are not identified in this policy the Headteacher has authority to decide on whether the leave is granted, and whether it is with or without pay.
- 1.3. This policy also sets out what you must do in the event that you must take leave of absence because you have a personal emergency.
- 1.4. The statutory (required by law) leave of absence provisions are generally outside the scope of this policy though they are noted where they bear a relationship to discretionary leave of absence. If you need clarification on whether the leave of absence that you want to take is statutory or discretionary then you must speak to the Headteacher or Human Resources.
- 1.5. This policy does not cover leave which is included in the policies and procedures listed below:
 - Annual leave
 - Maternity/paternity/parental/adoption leave
 - Flexible working
 - Health and Attendance
 - Redundancy
 - Career break policy
- 1.6. This policy applies to all Agora Learning Partnership staff. This policy is non-contractual and may be amended at any time.

2. Procedure and Decision Making

- 2.1. Except in emergencies, authorisation to take leave of absence must be requested from the Headteacher as soon as the need for the leave is known using the form at Appendix 1. Where the leave of absence request is made by the Headteacher, the request should be made to the Chief Executive Officer. Requests by members of the Central team should be made to the appropriate member of the Executive.
- 2.2. Requests for leave of absence and approval/refusal of such will be dealt with in a fair and consistent manner, having regard to the nature of the request, statutory obligations, pupil educational provision, service needs, eligibility, any previous requests and the degree of flexibility that you already have in your current working arrangements. Non-emergency leave of absence must not be taken unless and until it has been approved on the form at Appendix 1.
- 2.3. Where an **emergency** arises you must notify the Headteacher or the Chief Executive Officer ,or Central team member as appropriate by telephone as soon as is reasonably practicable, giving the reason for the absence and how long you expect to be absent from work to deal personally with the emergency which cannot be dealt with by anyone else.
- 2.4. A confidential record of requests for leave of absence and whether the request was granted will be maintained.

3. Discretionary Leave of Absence

- 3.1. Examples of discretionary time off work that may be granted with pay:

Summary non-exhaustive examples of leave normally granted with pay	Days per rolling 12 month period
Compassionate leave - illness or injury of a significant other person giving rise to serious domestic difficulties	Period reasonably necessary but not normally more than 5 day
Health and Welfare – Necessary time off to attend hospital appointments for cancer and other life threatening conditions/investigations	Reasonable time off
Fertility Treatment – Appointments for fertility treatment that cannot be arranged outside of working hours.	Up to 5 days in an academic year.
Bereavement leave - death (including funeral) of a significant other person	Period reasonably necessary but not normally more than 5 days
Moving house where it cannot be arranged for a non-working time	1 day
Personal events or emergencies i.e. an event which, if the response were to be delayed, would result in a	1 day

significant personal loss to the employee such as fire or flood	
Interviews for jobs in the education service	period reasonably necessary but not normally more than 3 days
Dependent care leave - employees may only take paid time off to provide personal care for a dependent where there is an immediate crisis (There is a statutory right to take unpaid leave, see 6.1 below)	In normal circumstances not more than 1 day on each occasion. Up to 3 days

3.2. Examples of discretionary leave that may be granted without pay:

Summary non-exhaustive examples of absence normally granted without pay	Days per annum - all employees
Any personal reason other than those above which it was not possible to schedule for a non-working day or time or within annual leave e.g. dentist, optician, medical appointment, driving test, important one-off family occasions	Maximum of 2 days
Attendance as a witness either on subpoena or other direction from a court or at the direction of the police, or voluntary attendance at an inquest as a witness not representing the School	Period of attendance necessary
Leave of absence for religious observance	Reasonable time off, up to 2 days

3.2.1. Medical appointments:

Upon production of a medical appointment letter/card/text up to half a day paid leave may be granted to attend an appointment at the hospital (to include medical screening and blood donation but excluding any appointment associated with elective surgery) where it has proved impractical to attend outside normal working hours. You should liaise with your Headteacher to agree a mutually convenient time so that the operational requirements of the School are met and then request leave from the Headteacher using the form at Appendix 1.

3.2.2. Attendance in court as a witness

If you are subpoenaed or summonsed to attend a Court (including an Employment Tribunal), as a witness and you are not representing the Trust then, on the production of proof of required attendance, you must request leave from the Headteacher using the form at Appendix 1 and you will be granted unpaid leave to attend. If you wish to attend Court as a witness voluntarily then you should request a leave of absence from the Headteacher as soon as the need for the leave is known using the form at Appendix 1 and a decision will be made on a case by case basis.

3.2.3. Leave of absence for religious observance

Under the Employment Equality (Religious Belief) Regulations 2003 you may request unpaid time off work to attend religious festivals, pilgrimages, time off for prayer or may request an adjustment to your working time to accommodate periods of religious observance or to cease work by a particular time using the form at Appendix 1. Requests for time off will be considered on a case by case basis, taking into account the needs of the trust/pupils and surrounding circumstances. If time off is agreed, it will be without pay. Employees have a responsibility to make known to the school on appointment, any needs connected with their religion or beliefs, or as soon as such needs may arise after the date of appointment. You should request time off at the beginning of the school year if possible, otherwise as soon as possible, so that plans for covering your absence can be made in good time.

Staff employed on a 52 week contract under the NJC terms and conditions will be expected to use their annual leave entitlement should they require time off for the purpose of religious observance.

4. Statutory Leave of Absence for Public Duties

4.1. Employees are entitled to a reasonable amount of time off work by law to carry out certain public duties. Public duties include service as a:

- Tribunal member
- Magistrate
- Local councillor
- Member of an NHS Trust
- Prison visitor
- Lay visitor to police stations
- School governor/trustee
- Lay observers, appointed under section 81(1)(1)(b) of the Criminal Justice Act 1991. These are volunteers who monitor conditions for prisoners under escort and in court custody
- Members of Visiting Committees, for the immigration and detention estate, appointed under section 152(1) of the Immigration and Asylum Act 1999. These committees monitor the immigration detention estate
- Members of Visiting Committees appointed to monitor short-term immigration holding facilities, for example at airports
- Independent prison monitors in Scotland appointed under section 7B(2) of the Prisons (Scotland) Act 1991

4.2. As soon as you are aware that you will require time off for performance of a public service you should request a leave of absence from the Headteacher using the form at Appendix 1.

4.3. The Trust will agree to requests for **paid** time off to undertake public duties wherever reasonably possible having regard to the criteria set out in this policy.

4.4. Each request for time off will be considered on its merits, in the circumstances in which it is made including:

- Whether the activity is reasonable in relation to your employment
- How much time off is reasonably required for the duty in question
- How much time off you have already taken for the public duty in question
- How your absence will affect the school/trust

5. Jury Service

5.1. You must inform your Headteacher as soon as you are summoned for jury service and provide a copy of your Jury Service Summons and the accompanying Loss of Earnings form. Where, in our view, the release of an employee for jury service raises significant teaching or operational problems, assistance will be provided to the employee to appeal to the court to re-arrange or cancel the dates of service.

5.2. Employees attending Jury Service are usually able to claim compensation from the court for loss of earnings. We will make up the Loss of Earnings allowances to your normal level of earnings. We must complete the Loss of Earnings form and you must give the completed form to the Clerk of the Court on your first day of Jury Service.

5.3. Upon completion of Jury Service, the Court will pay an employee for travel, subsistence and Loss of Earnings and provide remittance advice. This advice **must** be forwarded to the Headteacher within 3 days of your return to work.

5.4. Your salary will be reduced by the "Juror's Loss" paid by the Court. Pension contributions are not affected. An employee cannot be paid twice by the Court and the Trust for the same days.

5.5. Where jury service lasts for less than half a day you must return to work for the remainder of the day wherever practical. You must keep the Headteacher regularly informed about how long you are likely to be away from work.

5.6. Employees are protected from being subjected to a detriment or being dismissed, as a result of being summoned to attend for service as a juror or being absent from work on jury service.

6. Statutory Dependent Care Leave

6.1. Employees have a right to take a reasonable amount of **unpaid** time off work when it is necessary to:

- Provide assistance when a dependent falls ill, gives birth, is injured or assaulted
- Make longer-term care arrangements for a dependent who is ill or injured
- Take action required in consequence of the death of a dependent
- Deal with the unexpected disruption, termination or breakdown of arrangements for the care of a dependent
- Deal with an unexpected incident involving their child during school hours (or those of another educational establishment)

6.2. A **dependent** for the purposes of this paragraph 6.1 is:

- An employee's spouse, civil partner, parent or child
- A person who lives in the same household as an employee, but who is not their tenant, lodger, boarder or employee
- Anyone else who reasonably relies on the employee to provide assistance, make arrangements or take action of the kind referred to in 6.1 above

7. Parental Bereavement Leave

7.1. We recognise that, while dealing with any bereavement is difficult, the death of a child is among the most devastating events that an employee can ever face.

7.2. This entitlement applies to employees who have suffered the loss of a child (i.e. under the age of 18) or who suffer a stillbirth after 24 weeks of pregnancy.

7.3. Irrespective of the length of service, an employee can take parental bereavement leave if they are the:

- Parent of a child who has passed away
- Partner of the child's parent, where you live in an enduring family relationship with the child who has passed away and their parent
- "Parent in fact" of a child who has passed away, which means that, for a continuous period of at least four weeks before the child died, you have been living with the child and had "day-to-day responsibility" for the child (but you have not been paid to look after the child)
- "Intended parent" of a child who has passed away, i.e. a parent using a surrogate
- "Natural parent" of a child who has passed away who is named in a court order, i.e. where a court orders some contact for an adopted child's birth parent

- Adopter of a child who has passed away
- In practice, this means that most employees with parental responsibility for a child who passes away on or after 6 April 2020 can take parental bereavement leave
- If you have suffered a bereavement but are unsure if you are entitled to parental bereavement leave, you should contact the Headteacher or Human Resources

7.4. What leave a bereaved parent can take

- For each child who has passed away, a bereaved parent can take one or two weeks' paid parental bereavement leave
- Parental bereavement leave is not available as individual days
- If you are a bereaved parent, you are able to take the leave as:
 - A single block of two weeks
 - Two separate blocks of one week at different times
 - The leave must be taken within 56 weeks of the date of the death of your child

7.5. Notice to take parental bereavement leave

- Informal notification, such as a phone call or email, is sufficient to take parental bereavement leave.
- If you intend to take parental bereavement leave within the first 56 days after your child's death, you can take the leave straightaway. You do not have to provide a period of notice. This means that you can begin parental bereavement leave by letting your Headteacher know no later than when you are due to start work or, if that is not feasible, as soon as is reasonably practicable.
- If you intend to take parental bereavement leave more than 56 days after your child's death, you have to give your Headteacher at least one week's notice of your intention to take parental bereavement leave.

7.6. Cancellation of parental bereavement leave

- If you have asked to begin parental bereavement leave within the first 56 days of the date of your child's death, you can cancel your parental bereavement leave, as long as you let your Headteacher know before you would have been due to start work.
- If you have asked to begin parental bereavement leave more than 56 days after your child's death, you can cancel your parental bereavement leave, as long as you let your Headteacher know at least one week in advance.
- You cannot cancel any week of parental bereavement leave that has already begun.

7.7. Pay during parental bereavement leave

- Recognising the need to support bereaved parents, we will continue to pay normal pay during parental bereavement leave.

7.8. Rights during parental bereavement leave

- During parental bereavement leave, all terms and conditions of your contract will continue.
- Where an employee feels they have been treated unfairly in respect of this policy and practice, they have the right to appeal under the Grievance Procedure
- Any employee making false and inaccurate claims for time off in accordance with this policy will be subject to disciplinary action.

Appendix 1: Leave of Absence Request

Part 1

Name:	
Job title:	

Date/time from:	Date/time to:
I have read and understood the discretionary leave policy. Please attach a copy of any relevant appointment card. Reason for request:	
I understand and accept that if a leave of absence is granted without pay it will affect my pension entitlement.	
Signed:	Date:

Part 2: Leave of Absence Decision

Your request for leave is:	
Approved with pay:	<input type="checkbox"/>
Approved without pay:	<input type="checkbox"/>
Time to be made up:	<input type="checkbox"/>
Not approved for the following reasons:	
Operational difficulties in covering absence:	<input type="checkbox"/>
Loss of entitlement/continuity of educational provision for pupils:	<input type="checkbox"/>
Leave of absence limits already reached:	<input type="checkbox"/>
The request is outside the policy framework	<input type="checkbox"/>
Other. Explanation of reason(s) for non-approval:	<input type="checkbox"/>
Signed:	Job title: Date: